

### IN THE SPECIFICATION

On page 3, between lines 5 and 6, please insert the following text:

#### Brief Description of the Drawings

Figure 1 shows a calibration curve calculated from each concentration of pea meal the time for 50% lethality (LT50) for the sensitive strain S.

Figure 2 shows the cumulative mortality for adults of the sensitive strain S of *Sitophilus oryzae*, on pea (◇) and on wheat (□) as a function of the feeding time in days.

Figure 3 shows the mortality at 6 days of *Sitophilus oryzae* for balls containing various concentrations of pea meal; the resistant strain (R) and sensitive strain (S) are compared.

Figure 4 shows the cumulative mortality of the *Sitophilus oryzae* weevils, resistant strain R or sensitive strain S measured after 5 (4A), 7 (4B), 14 (4C) and 20 (4D) days of feeding on cowpea (*Vigna unguiculata*) white (1) and red(2) variety bambora groundnut, lentil, French bean, mung bean, adzuki bean, broad bean, chickpea, and lupin.

Figure 5 shows a chromatogram of the anion exchange chromatography described in Example 2.

Figure 6 shows a chromatogram of the semipreparative reverse phase HPLC chromatography described in Example 2.

Figure 7 shows the alignment of the sequence of one of the TP protein (SEQ ID NO:6), with those of pea PAib protein (SEQ ID NO:6) and soybean leginsulin (SEQ ID NO:8).

Figure 8 shows the results of testing the toxicity of the TP protein for the flour moth *Ephestia kuehniella* (Lepidoptera) and for the aphid (*Acyrtosiphon pisum*).

Figure 9 shows the results of testing of the aphid *Acyrtosiphon pisum* (Homoptera) fed on artificial medium containing various concentrations of the TP protein.